

VITAL FIGHTS ARE WAGED IN TWO PLACES

Allies Land on Gallipoli Peninsula and Try to Force Way Through Turks For Place to Fight Constantinople

TURKS CLAIM FRENCH MOHEMEDANS DESERT

Berlin Admits That British Have Resumed the Offensive Near Ypres, But Say Attacks Were Repulsed

LONDON, April 27.—On the narrow, rocky Gallipoli peninsula in Turkey, and on the restricted front stretching northward from Ypres, in Belgium, two of the most vital struggles of the war are now in progress. Neither struggle as yet has reached a stage which would permit of a prediction of the ultimate result.

In the Gallipoli peninsula, a picturesque assemblage of allied troops landed Sunday, supported by fire from warships. They are trying to batter their way through thousands of German-occupied Turks in an effort to force the Dardanelles, the main gateway to the Ottoman empire, and reach Constantinople. According to the British claim, the attack is progressing but the Turkish command, according to reports, declares that although the allies landed at four points these forces were being beaten back to the coast while the Moslems in the French ranks are deserting the tri-colors and calling their lot with their co-religionists.

Equally contradictory are the official statements concerning the fighting in the vicinity of Ypres. It would appear the German offensive north of that city which resulted in their recent gain of nearly three miles, has reached its limit, although the Germans hold most of the ground gained, the question is now whether they have sufficiently consolidated the new line to retain it.

The rush over, British troops are now said to have taken the offensive, striking toward St. Julien, which the Germans captured while the French, on the British left, not only pushed the Germans from Lizerne, their new lodgement on the west bank of the canal nearest Calais, but have crossed the canal and hold Hot Saa on the east bank.

The German official communication today, which records no progress for the German troops, admits the British took the offensive toward St. Julien but insists that successive attacks broke down.

Some sections of the British press profess the belief that the crisis in the new battle or series of battles for the French coast has passed but others are of the opinion the end is not yet in sight.

"The fate of Calais still hangs in the balance," says the Evening News. "The Germans are not discouraged. They are not starving and they are capable of a great sustained offensive in Flanders."

TEXAS FLOOD CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVING

AUSTIN, April 27.—The flood condition in Texas tonight is encouraging the trains having ceased in practically all the watershed. The streams are still out of control, however, and there is rain in the southern sections, but further loss of life and property is not expected. The death toll increased to twenty seven today. The list of missing is variously estimated from fifteen to twenty.

RUDYARD KIPLING IGNORES LEGAL SUMMONS

VANCOUVER, April 27.—Notwithstanding a notice summoning him, Rudyard Kipling, the English writer, failed to appear before the city council meeting to explain why he had not cleared his lots in Grandview. He was given a chance to explain whether he was ignorant of the law or financially embarrassed but even though he refused to appear or give reason the aldermen decided to give him one last opportunity.

Tia Juana Is Cleaned Out of Gamblers

Governor Cantu of Lower California Marches Twenty-six Gamblers, Steerers, Capers and Boosters Into U. S.

SAN DIEGO, April 27.—Under orders of Colonel Cantu, the civil-military governor of Lower California, the ninth and ready Monte Carlo at Tia Juana which has rapidly been acquiring nation wide notoriety, was closed this afternoon. Twenty-six men, said to be bunco-men, gamblers, steerers and capers were rounded up by the Mexican authorities and forced to march across the American boundary where they were seized by a posse of San Diego police and sheriff's officers. Late in the afternoon the gamblers were lodged in the city jail.

Many complaints have been made in the local authorities by wealthy eastern tourists and others that they have been looted by Tia Juana bunco men but the police were unable to reach the gamblers on the Mexican side of the border.

It is said the Tia Juana gambling resorts were licensed by the Lower California government and was a source of considerable revenue.

The action of Governor Cantu in closing the resorts was unexpected. It is believed the many reports of lawlessness at Tia Juana were responsible for the clean-up order. Chief of Police Wilson was notified in advance through the emigration inspector and had officers ready to receive the gamblers.

APPEAL IS MADE TO TURKS FOR CHRISTIANS

Turkey Is Asked to Stop Alleged Massacres in Armenia Attributed to a Religious Outbreak in That Section

WASHINGTON, April 27.—An appeal for the relief of Armenian Christians in Turkey, following reports of massacres and threatened further outrages were made to the Turkish government by the United States. It was based upon a request of the Russian government submitted through Ambassador Bakhmeteff. Bryan called Ambassador Morgenthau, at Constantinople, to make representations to the Turkish authorities asking that steps be taken for the protection of the imperiled Armenians and prevent recurrence of religious outbreaks.

Ambassador Bakhmeteff called on the State Department, late today, with a dispatch from his government which included an appeal to the president of the United States for aid to be forwarded through the Russian government by the Catholics of the Armenian church at Echmiadzin in Caucasus. Russia, being at war with Turkey, could not conduct the negotiations directly in the matter.

"The request is from the head of the Armenian church to this government and was forwarded through the Russian ambassador," said Bryan. "It is the first official notice received of the report of Armenian massacres. Our action is taken as a matter of humanity." Dispatches from Tiflis, several days ago, contained the first news of atrocities against the Armenians in Turkey.

MEXICAN MINE WORKERS ARE OUT OF WORK

EL PASO, April 27.—Twenty thousand Mexican and American laborers have been thrown suddenly out of employment in the mining district of Guadalupe, according to private advices reaching the border. The Guadalupe section forms the theatre of present activities between Carranza and the Villa troops in Central Mexico. It is the largest mining district in Mexico and reported to be the most productive in gold and silver of any in the world.

ROLLING STOCK FROM MEXICO NOT TAXABLE

PHOENIX, April 27.—Southern Pacific rolling stock taken from Mexico and brought to Arizona for safe keeping is not taxable, according to a decision by the State Tax Commission. The property is already taxed in Mexico, and it is held that the attempt of the Nogales authorities to impose an Arizona tax, means double taxation.

THREE BULL MOOSERS ON JURY IN BARNES-ROOSEVELT TRIAL



Left to right, standing: Warren Somers, F. W. Pierce, Leonard K. Hungerford, Franklin S. Rhoades, Walter J. Zuel, Irving J. Mills and Henry Hoag. Seated: Peter Bencke, Edward Burns, George E. Borchert, John W. Brown and Ray Tanney.

The jury which is to pass on the merits of Editor Barnes' suit against Colonel Roosevelt consists of seven Republicans, two Democrats and three Progressives, as follows: Henry Hoag, clerk, Republican; Irving J. Mills, woodworker, Republican; Franklin S. Rhoades, farmer, Republican; F. W. Pierce, carpenter, Republican; Warren Somers, grocer, Republican; Ray Tanney, farmer, Democrat; John W. Brown, farmer, Republican; George Borchert, manufacturer, Progressive; Peter Bencke, oil dealer, Democrat; Edward Burns, motorman, Republican; Walter J. Zuel, manufacturer, Progressive; Leonard K. Hungerford, painter, Progressive.

ASHURST SEEKS SECOND TERM IN SENATE

Reported Candidacy of Governor Hunt Will Have No Effect Upon Aspirations of Henry Fountain Ashurst

"I have heard the reports that Governor Hunt might become a candidate for the senate, but that will have no effect whatever upon my own candidacy," declared United States Senator Henry F. Ashurst yesterday afternoon, when questioned by a Review reporter at the Copper Queen Hotel, where the Senator is staying during his brief visit in Bisbee. Senator Ashurst made the above statement with vigorous emphasis which didn't leave the slightest doubt as to his absolute sincerity.

"But I would like to have it made clear that I am not on this trip for political purposes. My present journey over the state of Arizona is entirely non-political and non-partisan. Of course, I shall make a fight for reelection to the Senate, labor. At present, however, I am just meeting the people, trying to get acquainted with them in a more intimate manner, to understand all their needs and conditions. I want to know them thoroughly and to learn the best means possible for the betterment of their interests."

Reverting to national politics, Senator Ashurst expresses the opinion that the peace pact between the Republicans and the non-party Progressives will not have reached sufficient settlement to prevent the latter from nominating a candidate for the presidency.

"In my opinion, the Progressives will nominate for president, Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, who, I believe, would be glad to receive the nomination," added the Senator.

"Of course, every observant man cannot fail to notice that the Progressives are returning to the fold, to some extent. Yet, there will be a candidate for the presidency on the Progressive ticket. Of this I am very certain, in view of the latest information at my command, on this matter."

However, Senator Ashurst evidently does not think that it makes a great deal of difference what form the opposition to the president takes. The Senator is confident and enthusiastic, over the chances for the reelection of President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall. He believes that the display of masterful diplomacy by President Wilson, with regard to the European crisis, is alone sufficient to assure his reelection. Added to this he mentions the admirable Mexican policy of the Chief Executive.

"Wilson has shown such high courage and such foresight in keeping the country at peace when nearly all the civilized countries are at war, that that accomplishment alone would re-elect him. Europe is burning up \$50,000,000 daily and thousands of lives are being lost every day. The American people are coming to realize that the patriotism which keeps the country at peace is as valuable and noble as that which goes to war."

"In addition to all this the whole

HEIRESS TO \$30,000,000 WILL MARRY SOON



Miss Catherine Barker, the \$30,000,000 heiress of Chicago, finally has set the day for her marriage to Howard Spaulding, Jr. Although only her closest friends know the exact date, the young woman—she is only nineteen—has taken the matter into her own hands and is busily engaged in making the final preparations for the important happening.

WILL EXPLAIN TO HOUSE MEANING OF EXPENSES

So Declares Chairman Powers of Appropriations Committee; Senator Stapley Goes After Governor Un-gloved

PHOENIX, April 27.—Powers, chairman of the house appropriations committee, announced this morning that his committee would bring the appropriation bill into the house Thursday and at that time would be fortified with sufficient data to explain, in detail, any item embodied therein. He anticipated, he said, that the measure could be disposed of by the house in ten days.

In the senate, in discussing a program plan of procedure for the session, Stapley took occasion to discuss the attitude of Governor Hunt towards the legislature and criticized, in most scathing terms, what he characterized as the "administration bunch."

Senator Stapley spoke for a half-hour. "This is no time to mince matters," he declared. "There are certain members of the house who have named themselves the 'administration bunch.' We know how they blocked legislation in the regular session and now they are using the same tactics in the session at peace is as valuable and noble as that which goes to war."

"In addition to all this the whole

SISTER AGAINST SISTER MADE EVIDENT

Mrs. Martha Olivera, Sister of Mrs. Lillie Pratt, Goes on Stand For the Prosecution; Gives Hard Evidence

LOS ANGELES, April 27.—Mrs. Martha Olivera, who, although a sister, has been characterized by Mrs. Lillie Pratt as a bitter enemy, went on the witness stand for the prosecution in the trial of Mrs. Pratt and Charles Sebastian, charged with contributing to the dependency of Edith Serkin, the seventeen year old half sister of the two women.

She first identified the suspended chief of police as the man she had seen meet and go automobile riding last August. She then detailed conversations and incidents brought out by the prosecution with the avowed purpose of not only strengthening the story of Miss Serkin, relative to the trust at the apartment, but the police headquarters, but to forestall an anticipated attempt of the defense to prove that Mrs. Pratt had only a slight acquaintance with the accused police official.

Mrs. Olivera succeeded on the stand Cecil Lewis, Mrs. Pratt's former chauffeur, who on red-direct examination related an incident concerning some rings. It said this occurred last January. He declared he overheard Mrs. Pratt say to Mrs. Emma Carroll, another sister: "Here, take back these rings. I have heard Chief Sebastian and he is jealous. I have also seen a black cat, and I am sure going to have trouble."

Mrs. Olivera said Mrs. Pratt had told her Sebastian was her lover and that when he was sent last summer, attending the convention of police chiefs, Mrs. Pratt got a letter every other day, which caused Mrs. Pratt to boast that "that was more than Mrs. Sebastian received." Mrs. Pratt, as the witness declared, caused her to telephone Sebastian saying Mrs. Pratt was ill. "Why was that?" was asked. "So he would think more of her."

PROSPERITY IS REPORTED IN CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—Splendid crop prospects and fairly good financial conditions in the larger part of California, are shown in reports from fifty counties gathered by a San Francisco bank. Although there is a decrease in bank deposits in a large number of counties, several explanations are offered to mean that general conditions are good. Automobiles are blamed for the decrease in deposits in Fresno, Humboldt and Modoc counties while Monterey gives it as a reason for an increase.

enactment of a general appropriation bill, but the people over the state demand more than this. They demand that our legislature provide law for a business administration of the affairs of the state. I for one propose to represent the people, and if the present administration is opposed to the adoption of a business policy then I am ready to declare my position as being a representative of the people and not of the administration."

New Draft of Jap Demands Interesting

President of China and Advisers Go Carefully Over New Demands; One Group Said to be Worse Than First

PEKING, April 28.—With the new draft of Japanese demands on China now in the hands of the Chinese foreign minister, interest is aroused in the nature of the modifications which Japan has made in the original document. President Yuan Shi Kai and his advisers have carefully examined the demands as amended, but no decision has been reached. They will likely be subject to further discussions.

Group one of the original demands has not been altered in the new draft from the form to which the Chinese government has already agreed. This group relates to Shantung province. The group dealing with South Manchuria to the six articles with which China has also agreed, remains unchanged.

The Japanese have already accepted the Chinese proposal regarding group four, which provides that the Chinese government shall not cede or lease to any third power any island, port or harbor along the coast.

The new draft entirely reconstructs group five in a manner which the Chinese representatives declare to be more menacing. It is declared the Japanese are attempting to designate these as pleadians from China.

MALTREATMENT OF PRISONERS IS CHARGED

Secretary of War Earl Kitchener Says That Germany Is Disregarding Hague Convention, Mistreating British

LONDON, April 27.—War secretary Kitchener in speaking to the house of lords, said in part:

"I have been forced with reluctance to accept as indisputably true the maltreatment by the German government of British prisoners. The Hague convention is flagrantly disregarded by the German officers."

"Our prisoners have been stripped and maltreated in various ways. In some cases the evidence goes to prove they were shot in cold blood. Our officers, even when wounded, have been wantonly insulted and frequently struck."

Earl Kitchener said that as a soldier he had hitherto always held the officers of the German army in respect, but with the constant testimony coming in, not only from our own escaped prisoners, but from French, Russian, Belgian and American sources, has brought it home to all who sighted these evidences that the inhumanity displayed by the German authorities toward the British prisoners especially, is beyond doubt."

FRENCH REPORT SUCCESES NEAR DARDANELLES

PARIS, April 27.—French troops have occupied Kum Kaleh on the Asiatic side of the entrance to the Dardanelles, says an official announcement tonight.

"During the disembarkation Sunday of the allied forces at the Dardanelles," the official communication says, "French troops comprising infantry and artillery have been designated particularly for operations at Kum Kaleh. This mission has been completely and successfully fulfilled. Aided by cannon of the French fleet, under fire of the enemy, our troops succeeded in occupying the village and have continued the occupation despite counter attacks at night, supported by heavy artillery. We took five hundred prisoners and the losses to the enemy appear to have been considerable."

SAY BRITISH CAPTURED GERMAN SHIP

MELBOURNE, April 27.—It is officially announced that a British warship has captured the German trading steamer Elfriede, which is believed to have been the last German ship free in the Pacific. Available shipping data contains no record of a German vessel named Elfriede.

MORE LETTERS READ IN THE SYRACUSE CASE

Roosevelt's Relations With the "Bosses" Still is Subject of Rigid Cross Examination in Libel Suit

SIXTH DAY COLONEL IS ON WITNESS STAND

Roosevelt Tells One Incident Where Platt Insisted That He Attend Tax Hearing And Where He Demurred

SYRACUSE, April 27.—On the sixth day of the trial of Roosevelt in the \$20,000 suit for alleged libel, instituted by Wm. Barnes. Further letters developed, showing correspondence and conferences of Roosevelt with the "bosses" when governor, vice president and president.

It was the former president's sixth day on the witness stand. The colonel identified letters and answered questions about them. He explained some more about campaign contributions and big business. He wound up the day by claiming, as his own speeches, interviews, published in New York newspapers in which he said some things about the men he called "bosses." The names of Barnes, Murphy, Guzzenheim, Cox, Lorimer, Penrose and others were scattered through those articles.

In a telegram sent Roosevelt, while he was still governor, Senator Platt, the "boss boss," urged the signing of a bill for exemption from the franchise tax the grade crossroads of steam railroads and said, "our friends of New York Central," and Senator DeWitt were "anxious."

Roosevelt replied that he had received the telegram "too late" and that way he considered the one upon which he should take the "advice of the tax commission, unless it could be shown they were wrong."

Another telegram, when Platt insisted, the colonel, then governor, attend a meeting of the commission. The colonel, after protesting, agreed to do so, but added "but you are not an easy boss."

CHURCHILL EXPLAINS BRITAIN'S TREATMENT OF PRISONERS

LONDON, April 27.—Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, explained Great Britain's policy in the matter of treatment of the German sailors captured aboard submarines, in the House of Lords. Answering a question, he said: "We cannot admit that the reprisals which Germany has taken against numbers of our own officers can be allowed to deflect us from the policy which we regard as humane and just in itself. Such incidents as the blowing up of the merchant vessels with the loss of many lives, and the blowing up of fishing boats, decided the government, Churchill declared, to place all submarine prisoners taken after February 18, so long as this system of warfare continues, in a distinct category. The speaker pointed out that the conditions under which these prisoners were confined were in every way humane."

WILSON'S REPRESENTATIVE LEAVES MEXICO CITY

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Dural West, the president's personal representative in Mexico, left Mexico City for Vera Cruz, accompanied by Arnold Shanklin, consul general in the Mexican capital. West was to have started his homeward trip yesterday, but advices to the State Department said delayed. The trip to Vera Cruz will be made by special train furnished by Villa Zapata leaders and Carranza. Advices on the military situation are meagre.

In a summary of the official reports, the department says in part: "Mail advices just received confirm the report of a hurried evacuation of Guadalupe by the forces of Villa. It is stated that the city has been occupied by Diaz's forces. Conditions are quiet in the Piedras Negras district and all the town is still garrisoned by troops under the command of General Hernandez. The railroad to the south is now in fairly good condition and many cars of merchandise are being carried this way daily."